

## 景东山橙根中生物碱成分研究

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**摘要:** 本文对景东山橙 *Melodinus khasianus* 根部进行生物碱成分研究, 从中分离并鉴定了 20 个化合物, 分别为: *O*-甲基-长春醇(1)、*O*-甲基-表长春醇(2)、长春醇(3)、表长春醇(4)、(-)-象牙烯宁(5)、(-)-象牙酮宁(6)、leuconicine A(7)、alkaloid 376(8)、leuconicine C(9)、(-)-rhazinilam(10)、16(*R*)-*E*-异西特斯日钦碱(11)、西特斯日钦碱(12)、花冠木碱 *N*<sup>b</sup>-氧化物(13)、异长春花苷内酰胺(14)、9-β-*D*-吡喃葡萄糖基-四氢鸭脚木碱(15)、β-咔啉(16)、1-甲基-9*H*-吡啶并[3-*A*,*b*]吡啶(17)、喜树次碱(18)、坎特莱因碱(19)和 α-甲基-3-羟甲基吡啶(20)。生物碱 6、12、15 和 16~20 为首次从该属植物中分离得到。

**关键词:** 夹竹桃科; 景东山橙; 生物碱

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Alkaloid Constituents from the Roots of *Melodinus khasianus*YANG Bo-tao<sup>1</sup>, LIU Lu<sup>2</sup>, ZHANG Mi<sup>1</sup>, LIU Ya-ping<sup>2</sup>, LI Bao-cai<sup>1\*</sup>, QIN Xu-jie<sup>2\*</sup><sup>1</sup>Faculty of Life Science and Technology, Kunming University of Science and Technology, Kunming 650500, China;<sup>2</sup>State Key Laboratory of Phytocchemistry and Plant Resources in West China, Kunming  
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**Abstract:** Phytochemical investigation on the roots of *Melodinus khasianus* resulted in the isolation of 20 compounds. Their structures were identified as *O*-methyl-vincanol (1), *O*-methyl-epivincanol (2), vincanol (3), epivincanol (4), (-)-eburnamenine (5), (-)-eburnamonine (6), leuconicine A (7), alkaloid 376 (8), leuconicine C (9), (-)-rhazinilam (10), 16(*R*)-*E*-isositsirikine (11), sitsirikine (12), stemmadenine *N*<sup>b</sup>-oxide (13), strictosamide (14), 9-β-*D*-glucopyranosyl-tetrahydroalstonine (15), β-carboline (16), harman (17), venoterpine (18), cantleyine (19) and α-methyl-3-pyridinemethanol (20) by comparison with the recorded literature. Alkaloids 6, 2, 15 and 16-20 were obtained from *Melodinus* species for the first time.

**Key words:** apocynaceae; *Melodinus khasianus*; alkaloids

景东山橙 (*Melodinus khasianus*) 为夹竹桃科 (Apocynaceae) 山橙属植物, 系藤本类植物, 主要分布在我国云南和贵州省<sup>[1]</sup>。山橙属植物在民间常用于治疗小儿疝气、腹痛、小儿疳疾、消化不良、睾丸炎、小儿脑膜炎、骨折和风湿性心脏病等<sup>[2]</sup>。课题组对山橙属的云南山橙 (*M. yunnanensis*)<sup>[3,4]</sup>、思茅山橙 (*M. henryi*)<sup>[5,6]</sup>、薄叶山橙 (*M. tenuicaudatus*)<sup>[7,8]</sup> 和山橙 (*M. suaveolens*)<sup>[9,10]</sup> 进行了系统研究, 从中分离得到一些列新颖单萜吡啶生物碱类化合物。为了进一步研究该属植物中的生物碱成分,

我们对采自云南西双版纳的景东山橙的根进行了化学成分研究, 从中分离得到 20 个生物碱, 分别鉴定为 *O*-甲基-长春醇(1)、*O*-甲基-表长春醇(2)、长春醇(3)、表长春醇(4)、(-)-象牙烯宁(5)、(-)-象牙酮宁(6)、leuconicine A(7)、alkaloid 376(8)、leuconicine C(9)、(-)-rhazinilam(10)、16(*R*)-*E*-异西特斯日钦碱(11)、西特斯日钦碱(12)、花冠木碱 *N*<sup>b</sup>-氧化物(13)、异长春花苷内酰胺(14)、9-β-*D*-吡喃葡萄糖基-四氢鸭脚木碱(15)、β-咔啉(16)、1-甲基-9*H*-吡啶并[3-*A*,*b*]吡啶(17)、喜树次碱(18)、坎特莱因碱(19)和 α-甲基-3-羟甲基吡啶(20)。

## 1 仪器与材料

ESI-MS 由 Waters Xevo TQ-S 三重四极杆质谱

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仪测定; 拌样(80~100目)、柱层析硅胶(200~300目)及薄层层析硅胶板,均为青岛海洋化工厂生产;反相中压填充材料为Lichroprep RP-18,粒径40~63 $\mu\text{m}$ ,德国Merck公司生产;核磁谱图由Bruker AM 400兆和AV600兆超导核磁共振波谱仪上测定,TMS作为内标 $\delta$ 表示化学位移(ppm), $J$ 表示耦合常数(Hz);凝胶Sephadex HL-20为日本公司生产;Agilent 1200高效液相色谱仪,半制备色谱柱Agilent Zorbax SB-C<sub>18</sub>(9.4 mm  $\times$  250 mm),流速:3 mL/min,二极管阵列检测器;显色剂为Dragendorff试剂或10%硫酸乙醇溶液(v/v),硅胶薄层板喷晒显色剂后适当加热显色;所有溶剂均重蒸后使用。

景东山橙(*M. khasianus*)的根于2008年11月采自云南西双版纳勐腊县,由西双版纳热带植物园崔景云实验师鉴定。植物标本(Cui 20081128)存放于中国科学院昆明植物研究所。

## 2 提取与分离

景东山橙根部7 kg干燥样品,粉碎后用MeOH室温下浸提3次,每次48 h,过滤并浓缩提取液得到总浸膏为550 g。浸膏用0.3%稀盐酸溶解并过滤,酸溶液用5%氨水溶液调pH值至9~10,边调节边用EtOAc萃取,总共萃取3次,得到总碱部分约21 g。总碱部分用正相硅胶柱划段,用CHCl<sub>3</sub>-MeOH(1:0 $\rightarrow$ 1:1)洗脱得到六部分(Fr. A-E)。Fr. B(4 g)正相硅胶柱分离,用氯仿-丙酮(10:1 $\rightarrow$ 6:1)洗脱得到化合物5(11 mg)、6(9 mg)和三个亚组分;Fr. A-II(1.1 g)经反复RP-18柱层析,用MeOH-H<sub>2</sub>O(6:4 $\rightarrow$ 10:0)洗脱得到化合物1(23 mg)、2(18 mg)、3(35 mg)和4(21 mg)。Fr. C(3.6 g)正相硅胶柱分离,用氯仿-丙酮(8:1 $\rightarrow$ 4:1)洗脱得到三个亚组分;Fr. C-II(1.1 g)经反复RP-18柱层析,用MeOH-H<sub>2</sub>O(5:5 $\rightarrow$ 9:1)洗脱得到化合物7(31 mg)、8(12 mg)和9(20 mg);通过结晶及重结晶的方法从Fr. C-III(0.8 g)中得到化合物17(38 mg),其母液通过半制备HPLC(CH<sub>3</sub>CN-H<sub>2</sub>O 40% $\rightarrow$ 60%)得到化合物10(4 mg,  $t_R$  = 18.2 min)和16(3 mg,  $t_R$  = 16.5 min)。Fr. D(3.2 g)正相硅胶柱分离,用氯仿-甲醇(12:1 $\rightarrow$ 8:1)洗脱得到三个亚组分;Fr. D-I(1.3 g)经反复RP-18柱层析,用MeOH-H<sub>2</sub>O(4:6 $\rightarrow$ 8:2)洗脱得到化合物11(10 mg)、12(3 mg)、13(11 mg)和14(16 mg);通过结晶及重结晶的方法从Fr. D-III(0.8 g)中得到化合物15(37 mg)。Fr. E(5 g)正相硅胶柱

分离,用氯仿-甲醇(10:1 $\rightarrow$ 5:1)洗脱得到化合物20(48 mg)和二个亚组分;Fr. E-II(1.8 g)经反复RP-18柱层析,用MeOH-H<sub>2</sub>O(4:6 $\rightarrow$ 7:3)洗脱得到化合物18(223 mg)和19(108 mg)。

## 3 结构鉴定

化合物1 针状晶体(CHCl<sub>3</sub>-MeOH)。分子式为C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O,ESI-MS  $m/z$  311 [M + H]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR(600 MHz,CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.58(1H, d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, H-9), 7.48(1H, d,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, H-12), 7.18(1H, t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, H-11), 7.15(1H, t,  $J$  = 8.0 Hz, H-10), 5.53(1H, dd,  $J$  = 9.6, 5.4 Hz, H-16), 3.94(1H, s, H-21), 3.34(3H, s, OMe), 0.93(3H, t,  $J$  = 7.2 Hz, Me-18);<sup>13</sup>C NMR(600 MHz,CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 136.6(s, C-13), 128.6(s, C-8), 121.4(d, C-11), 120.1(d, C-10), 118.0(d, C-9), 111.9(d, C-12), 105.8(s, C-7), 82.3(d, C-16), 58.9(d, C-21), 50.9(t, C-5), 50.6(q, OMe), 44.3(t, C-3), 36.6(t, C-17), 36.5(s, C-20), 28.9(t, C-19), 25.2(t, C-15), 20.5(t, C-14), 16.8(t, C-6), 7.6(q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[11]</sup>,故鉴定为O-甲基-长春醇(*O*-Methyl-vincanol)。

化合物2 针状晶体(CHCl<sub>3</sub>-MeOH)。分子式为C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O,ESI-MS  $m/z$  311 [M + H]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR(600 MHz,CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.39(1H, d,  $J$  = 7.7 Hz, H-9), 7.27(1H, d,  $J$  = 8.1 Hz, H-12), 7.11(1H, t,  $J$  = 7.5 Hz, H-11), 7.05(1H, t,  $J$  = 7.5 Hz, H-10), 5.46(1H, br d,  $J$  = 2.9 Hz, H-16), 3.86(1H, s, H-21), 3.47(3H, s, OMe), 0.93(3H, t,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, Me-18);<sup>13</sup>C NMR(600 MHz,CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 137.2(s, C-13), 131.3(s, C-2), 129.9(s, C-8), 122.2(d, C-11), 121.0(d, C-10), 118.9(d, C-9), 111.9(d, C-12), 106.1(s, C-7), 84.2(d, C-16), 60.5(d, C-21), 55.9(q, OMe), 52.3(t, C-5), 45.7(t, C-3), 35.9(s, C-20), 35.7(t, C-17), 29.8(t, C-19), 26.6(t, C-15), 21.6(t, C-14), 17.6(t, C-6), 7.9(q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[11]</sup>,故鉴定为O-甲基-表长春醇(*O*-Methyl-epivincanol)。

化合物3 白色无定型粉末。分子式为C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>24</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O,ESI-MS  $m/z$  297 [M + H]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR(600 MHz,CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 8.25(1H, d,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, H-9), 7.34(1H, d,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, H-12), 7.07(1H, t,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, H-11), 7.02(1H, t,  $J$  = 7.6 Hz, H-10),

5.43 (1H, m, H-16), 3.40 (1H, s, H-21), 0.82 (3H, t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 138.3 (s, C-13), 133.0 (s, C-2), 129.8 (s, C-8), 122.1 (d, C-11), 120.9 (d, C-10), 118.8 (d, C-9), 113.1 (d, C-12), 105.8 (s, C-7), 77.0 (d, C-16), 59.6 (d, C-21), 51.5 (t, C-5), 45.1 (t, C-3), 43.3 (t, C-17), 37.8 (s, C-20), 29.2 (t, C-19), 25.8 (t, C-15), 21.2 (t, C-14), 17.6 (t, C-6), 7.8 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[11, 12]</sup>, 故鉴定为长春醇 (Vincanol)。

**化合物 4** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}$ , ESI-MS  $m/z$  297  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ 。 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 7.43 (1H, d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, H-9), 7.39 (1H, d,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, H-12), 7.09 (1H, t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, H-11), 7.04 (1H, t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, H-10), 5.93 (1H, d,  $J = 3.6$  Hz, H-16), 3.77 (1H, s, H-21), 0.91 (3H, t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 136.9 (s, C-13), 131.3 (s, C-2), 129.9 (s, C-8), 122.0 (d, C-11), 120.7 (d, C-10), 118.8 (d, C-9), 111.8 (d, C-12), 105.5 (s, C-7), 74.8 (d, C-16), 60.6 (d, C-21), 52.2 (t, C-5), 45.7 (t, C-3), 41.6 (t, C-17), 35.8 (s, C-20), 29.7 (t, C-19), 26.8 (t, C-15), 21.7 (t, C-14), 17.6 (t, C-6), 7.9 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[11, 12]</sup>, 故鉴定为表长春醇 (Epivincanol)。

**化合物 5** 无色油状物。分子式为  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2$ , ESI-MS  $m/z$  301  $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 。 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 7.48 (1H, d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, H-9), 7.34 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, H-12), 7.19 (1H, t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, H-11), 7.12 (1H, t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, H-10), 6.92 (1H, br d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, H-16), 5.08 (1H, br d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, H-16), 4.28 (1H, s, H-21), 1.01 (3H, t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 133.5 (s, C-13), 130.2 (s, C-2), 128.2 (s, C-8), 121.5 (d, C-11), 119.8 (d, C-10), 119.7 (d, C-16), 118.4 (d, C-9), 116.7 (d, C-17), 108.5 (d, C-12), 107.1 (s, C-7), 55.8 (d, C-21), 52.1 (t, C-5), 45.4 (t, C-3), 37.3 (s, C-20), 31.1 (t, C-19), 27.5 (t, C-15), 20.8 (t, C-14), 16.5 (t, C-6), 9.0 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[13, 14]</sup>, 故鉴定为 (-)-象牙烯宁 [( -)-Eburnamenine]。

**化合物 6** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{22}\text{N}_2\text{O}$ , ESI-MS  $m/z$  295  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ 。 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600

MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 8.25 (1H, m, H-9), 7.44 (1H, m, H-12), 7.28 (1H, m, H-11), 7.26 (1H, m, H-10), 4.23 (1H, s, H-21), 2.79 (1H, d,  $J = 16.7$  Hz, H-17a), 2.49 (1H, d,  $J = 16.7$  Hz, H-17b), 0.94 (3H, t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 169.5 (s, C-16), 135.6 (s, C-13), 132.7 (s, C-2), 131.4 (s, C-8), 125.4 (d, C-11), 125.1 (d, C-10), 119.3 (d, C-9), 116.9 (d, C-12), 114.0 (s, C-7), 58.5 (d, C-21), 51.5 (t, C-5), 45.3 (t, C-3), 44.8 (t, C-17), 39.7 (s, C-20), 29.0 (t, C-19), 27.9 (t, C-15), 21.4 (t, C-14), 17.2 (t, C-6), 7.8 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[15]</sup>, 故鉴定为 (-)-象牙酮宁 [( -)-Eburnamonine]。

**化合物 7** 淡黄色粉末。分子式为  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$ , ESI-MS  $m/z$  362  $[\text{M} + \text{H}]^+$ 。 $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 9.42 (1H, d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, H-NH<sub>2</sub>), 8.45 (1H, d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, H-12), 8.24 (1H, s, H-17), 7.35 (1H, d,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, H-9), 7.32 (1H, t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, H-11), 7.25 (1H, t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, H-10), 6.21 (1H, d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, H-NH<sub>2</sub>), 4.05 (1H, br s, H-3), 1.01 (3H, t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$ : 165.9 (s, CONH<sub>2</sub>), 161.5 (s, C-2), 161.0 (s, C-22), 145.3 (d, C-17), 140.5 (s, C-13), 139.8 (s, C-8), 128.1 (d, C-11), 126.9 (d, C-10), 120.2 (s, C-23), 120.1 (d, C-9), 117.4 (d, C-12), 115.6 (s, C-16), 61.1 (d, C-3), 55.4 (s, C-7), 54.3 (t, C-5), 51.3 (t, C-21), 44.8 (t, C-6), 38.6 (d, C-20), 36.2 (d, C-15), 31.3 (t, C-14), 26.4 (t, C-19), 11.4 (q, Me-18);  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (600 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 8.45 (1H, d,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, H-12), 8.22 (1H, s, H-17), 7.58 (1H, d,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, H-9), 7.39 (1H, td,  $J = 7.7, 1.2$  Hz, H-11), 7.35 (1H, td,  $J = 7.5, 0.9$  Hz, H-10), 4.17 (1H, br s, H-3), 1.10 (3H, t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (150 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ )  $\delta$ : 168.2 (s, CONH<sub>2</sub>), 162.8 (s, C-2), 162.7 (s, C-22), 146.5 (d, C-17), 141.8 (s, C-13), 141.3 (s, C-8), 129.3 (d, C-11), 128.5 (d, C-10), 122.0 (d, C-9), 121.1 (s, C-23), 118.4 (d, C-12), 117.0 (s, C-16), 63.0 (d, C-3), 56.7 (s, C-7), 54.8 (t, C-5), 52.2 (t, C-21), 45.5 (t, C-6), 39.9 (d, C-20), 37.1 (d, C-15), 32.0 (t, C-14), 27.4 (t, C-19), 11.8 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[16]</sup>, 故鉴定为 Leuconicine A。

**化合物 8** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为  $C_{23}H_{24}N_2O_2$ , ESI-MS  $m/z$  377  $[M + H]^+$ 。 $^1H$  NMR (600 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$ : 8.46 (1H, d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, H-12), 7.81 (1H, s, H-17), 7.26 (1H, d,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, H-9), 7.25 (1H, t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, H-11), 7.16 (1H, t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, H-10), 4.98 (1H, s, H-3), 3.84 (3H, s, OMe), 0.95 (3H, t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}C$  NMR (150 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$ : 165.8 (s,  $CO_2Me$ ), 162.1 (s, C-22), 158.8 (s, C-2), 145.9 (d, C-17), 140.7 (s, C-13), 139.4 (s, C-8), 128.1 (d, C-11), 126.6 (d, C-10), 119.9 (d, C-9), 119.9 (s, C-23), 117.6 (d, C-12), 114.0 (s, C-16), 62.0 (d, C-3), 55.5 (s, C-7), 54.3 (t, C-5), 52.3 (q,  $CO_2Me$ ), 51.3 (t, C-21), 44.7 (t, C-6), 38.6 (d, C-20), 36.0 (d, C-15), 31.2 (t, C-14), 26.3 (t, C-19), 11.4 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[16, 17]</sup>, 故鉴定为 Alkaloid 376。

**化合物 9** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为  $C_{22}H_{21}N_3O_2$ , ESI-MS  $m/z$  282  $[M + Na]^+$ 。 $^1H$  NMR (600 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$ : 9.52 (1H, d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, NH), 8.57 (1H, d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, H-12), 8.47 (1H, s, H-17), 7.48 (1H, d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, H-9), 7.42 (1H, td,  $J = 7.8, 1.2$  Hz, H-11), 7.34 (1H, td,  $J = 7.8, 1.2$  Hz, H-9), 5.88 (1H, d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, NH), 5.54 (1H, s, H-21), 4.20 (1H, br s, H-3), 2.14 (2H, q,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, H-19), 1.07 (3H, t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}C$  NMR (150 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta$ : 166.1 (s,  $CONH_2$ ), 161.3 (s, C-2), 158.3 (s, C-22), 143.1 (d, C-17), 140.7 (s, C-13), 139.9 (s, C-8), 130.0 (d, C-21), 128.5 (d, C-11), 127.2 (d, C-10), 122.9 (s, C-20), 121.0 (s, C-23), 120.6 (d, C-10), 119.4 (s, C-16), 118.0 (d, C-12), 60.1 (d, C-3), 56.7 (s, C-7), 53.7 (t, C-5), 46.2 (t, C-6), 33.8 (d, C-15), 31.0 (t, C-14), 27.5 (t, C-19), 12.9 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[16]</sup>, 故鉴定为 Leuconicine C。

**化合物 10** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为  $C_{19}H_{22}N_2O$ , ESI-MS  $m/z$  317  $[M + Na]^+$ 。 $^1H$  NMR (600 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ )  $\delta$ : 7.38 (1H, d,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, H-9), 7.36 (1H, t,  $J = 7.7$  Hz, H-11), 7.30 (1H, t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, H-10), 7.19 (1H, d,  $J = 7.9$  Hz, H-12), 6.51 (1H, d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, H-5), 5.69 (1H, d,  $J = 3.0$  Hz, H-6), 4.00 (1H, dd, 1H, d,  $J = 12.0, 5.4$

Hz, H-3b), 3.77 (1H, dt,  $J = 12.0, 4.8$  Hz, H-3a), 1.48 (1H, m, H-19b), 1.21 (1H, m, H-19a), 0.72 (3H, t,  $J = 7.3$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}C$  NMR (150 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ )  $\delta$ : 180.0 (s, C-2), 142.4 (s, C-13), 139.6 (s, C-8), 132.5 (d, C-5), 131.2 (s, C-21), 129.1 (d, C-11), 128.1 (d, C-6), 127.5 (d, C-10), 120.0 (d, C-9), 118.8 (s, C-7), 110.8 (d, C-12), 47.1 (t, C-3), 40.2 (s, C-20), 37.9 (t, C-16), 34.4 (t, C-15), 31.2 (t, C-19), 29.2 (t, C-17), 20.7 (t, C-14), 8.5 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[18]</sup>, 故鉴定为 (-)-Rhazinilam。

**化合物 11** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为  $C_{21}H_{26}N_2O_3$ , ESI-MS  $m/z$  355  $[M + H]^+$ 。 $^1H$  NMR (600 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ )  $\delta$ : 7.39 (1H, d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, H-9), 7.30 (1H, d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, H-12), 7.06 (1H, t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, H-11), 6.97 (1H, t,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, H-10), 5.67 (1H, q,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, H-19), 4.25 (1H, br s, H-3), 3.75 (3H, s,  $CO_2Me$ ), 1.69 (3H, d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, Me-18);  $^{13}C$  NMR (150 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ )  $\delta$ : 176.5 (s,  $CO_2Me$ ), 137.9 (s, C-13), 135.2 (s, C-2), 134.1 (s, C-20), 128.5 (s, C-8), 125.3 (d, C-19), 122.3 (d, C-11), 119.9 (d, C-10), 118.7 (d, C-9), 112.1 (d, C-12), 107.2 (s, C-7), 63.2 (t, C-17), 53.8 (d, C-3), 52.3 (q,  $CO_2Me$ ), 51.8 (t, C-21), 50.8 (t, C-5), 50.9 (d, C-16), 34.0 (d, C-15), 31.4 (t, C-14), 18.8 (t, C-6), 13.5 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[19]</sup>, 故鉴定为 16(R)-*E*-异西特斯日钦碱 [16(R)-*E*-isositsirikine]。

**化合物 12** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为  $C_{21}H_{26}N_2O_3$ , ESI-MS  $m/z$  355  $[M + H]^+$ 。 $^1H$  NMR (600 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ )  $\delta$ : 7.37 (1H, d,  $J = 7.8$  Hz, H-9), 7.28 (1H, d,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, H-12), 7.04 (1H, t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, H-11), 6.96 (1H, t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, H-10), 5.66 (1H, dt,  $J = 9.5$  Hz, H-19), 5.27 (1H, dd,  $J = 17.2, 1.4$  Hz, H-18a), 5.21 (1H, dd,  $J = 10.4, 1.8$  Hz, H-18b), 4.00 (1H, dd,  $J = 10.9, 6.3$  Hz, H-17a), 3.69 (1H, dd,  $J = 10.9, 6.5$  Hz, H-17b), 3.65 (3H, s,  $CO_2Me$ ), 3.11 (1H, dd,  $J = 11.4, 5.5$  Hz, H-21a), 2.73 (2H, dd,  $J = 15.5, 4.4$  Hz, H-6b), 1.87 (1H, tt,  $J = 12.0, 3.1$  Hz, H-15), 1.41 (1H, q,  $J = 12.4$  Hz, H-14b);  $^{13}C$  NMR (150 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ )  $\delta$ : 174.8 (s,  $CO_2Me$ ), 139.8 (d, C-19), 138.2 (s, C-13), 128.2 (d, C-8), 122.1 (d, C-11),

119.8 (d, C-40), 118.7 (t, C-48), 118.6 (d, C-9), 112.0 (s, C-12), 107.8 (s, C-7), 62.4 (t, C-17), 62.0 (t, C-5), 61.4 (d, C-3), 54.1 (t, C-21), 51.8 (q, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 50.2 (d, C-16), 45.3 (d, C-20), 40.8 (d, C-15), 31.3 (t, C-14), 22.2 (t, C-6)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[20]</sup>, 故鉴定为西特斯日钦碱(Sit-sirikine)。

**化合物 13** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为 C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>26</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>, ESI-MS *m/z* 371 [M + H]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 7.51 (1H, d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, H-9), 7.39 (1H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, H-12), 7.13 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H-11), 7.07 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H-10), 5.59 (1H, q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, H-19), 4.33 (1H, d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, H-22a), 4.31 (1H, d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, H-22b), 3.77 (3H, s, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 1.77 (3H, dd, *J* = 7.0, 1.9 Hz, Me-18); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 174.2 (s, C-17), 136.9 (s, C-13), 135.3 (s, C-2), 132.0 (d, C-19), 129.7 (s, C-20), 128.2 (s, C-8), 123.2 (d, C-11), 120.6 (d, C-10), 118.6 (d, C-9), 112.5 (d, C-12), 109.6 (s, C-7), 75.7 (t, C-21), 74.4 (t, C-5), 69.4 (t, C-22), 64.9 (t, C-3), 61.5 (s, C-16), 53.1 (q, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 34.9 (d, C-15), 27.0 (t, C-14), 25.1 (t, C-6), 14.4 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[21]</sup>, 故鉴定为花冠木碱 N<sup>b</sup>-氧化物(Stemmadenine N<sup>b</sup>-oxide)。

**化合物 14** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为 C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>30</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>, ESI-MS *m/z* 499 [M + H]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 7.38 (1H, s, H-17), 7.36 (1H, d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, H-9), 7.33 (1H, d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, H-12), 7.07 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H-11), 6.99 (1H, t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, H-10), 5.63 (1H, dt, *J* = 10.1 Hz, H-19), 5.39 (1H, d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, H-21), 5.35 (1H, dd, *J* = 16.9, 1.1 Hz, H-18a), 5.30 (1H, dd, *J* = 10.3, 1.3 Hz, H-18b), 4.56 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, H-1); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 167.0 (s, C-22), 149.1 (d, C-17), 137.7 (s, C-2), 134.7 (s, C-13), 134.3 (d, C-19), 128.6 (s, C-8), 122.4 (d, C-10), 120.6 (t, C-18), 120.1 (d, C-11), 118.7 (d, C-9), 112.3 (d, C-12), 110.2 (s, C-16), 109.2 (s, C-9), 100.4 (d, C-1), 98.0 (d, C-21), 78.1 (d, C-5), 77.9 (d, C-3), 74.2 (d, C-2), 71.2 (d, C-4), 62.5 (t, C-6), 55.0 (d, C-3), 44.7 (t, C-5), 44.6 (d, C-20), 27.2 (t, C-6), 24.9 (d, C-15), 22.1 (t, C-14)。以

上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[22]</sup>, 故鉴定为异长春花苷内酰胺(Strictosamide)。

**化合物 15** 淡黄色无定型粉末。分子式为 C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>34</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>9</sub>, ESI-MS *m/z* 531 [M + H]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 7.55 (1H, s, H-17), 6.95 (1H, d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, H-12), 6.90 (1H, t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, H-11), 6.67 (1H, d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, H-10), 5.03 (1H, d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, H-1), 4.46 (1H, m, H-19), 3.87 (1H, dd, *J* = 12.6, 1.6 Hz, H-6'a), 3.73 (3H, s, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 3.69 (1H, dd, *J* = 12.2, 5.1 Hz, H-6'b), 3.51 (1H, t, *J* = 8.5 Hz, H-2), 3.47 (1H, t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, H-3), 3.24 (1H, br d, *J* = 11.7 Hz, H-3), 3.10 (1H, br d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, H-21b), 3.00 (1H, dd, *J* = 15.9, 4.0 Hz, H-6b), 2.94 (1H, dd, *J* = 11.4, 6.0 Hz, H-5b), 2.45 (1H, td, *J* = 11.7, 4.4 Hz, H-5a), 1.39 (1H, q, *J* = 12.4 Hz, H-14a), 1.36 (3H, d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, Me-18); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 169.6 (s, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 156.9 (d, C-17), 153.0 (s, C-9), 139.7 (s, C-13), 134.4 (s, C-2), 122.4 (d, C-11), 119.3 (s, C-8), 110.9 (s, C-16), 107.9 (s, C-7), 107.0 (d, C-12), 104.5 (d, C-10), 102.3 (d, C-1), 78.5 (d, C-3), 78.1 (d, C-5), 75.3 (d, C-2), 73.6 (d, C-19), 71.4 (d, C-4), 62.6 (t, C-6), 61.7 (d, C-3), 57.1 (t, C-21), 55.1 (t, C-5), 51.7 (q, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 39.8 (d, C-20), 34.8 (t, C-14), 32.6 (d, C-15), 24.5 (t, C-6), 18.9 (q, Me-18)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[21]</sup>, 故鉴定为 9-β-D-吡喃葡萄糖基-四氢鸭脚木碱(9-β-D-glucopyranosyl-tetrahydroalstonine)。

**化合物 16** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为 C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N<sub>2</sub>, ESI-MS *m/z* 169 [M + H]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 8.80 (1H, s, H-1), 8.29 (1H, d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, H-3), 8.20 (1H, d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, H-5), 8.12 (1H, d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, H-4), 7.57 (2H, m, H-7, H-8), 7.27 (1H, m, H-6); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 142.9 (s, C-8a), 138.0 (d, C-3), 137.7 (s, C-9a), 133.7 (d, C-1), 130.7 (s, C-4a), 130.0 (d, C-7), 122.8 (d, C-5), 122.1 (s, C-4b), 121.0 (d, C-6), 116.2 (d, C-4), 112.9 (d, C-8)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[23]</sup>, 故鉴定为 β-咔啉(β-Carbolin)。

**化合物 17** 白色无定型粉末。分子式为 C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>, ESI-MS *m/z* 183 [M + H]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 8.71 (1H, br s, H-9), 8.37 (1H, d, J = 4.8 Hz, H-3), 8.12 (1H, d, J = 7.8 Hz, H-5), 7.83 (1H, d, J = 5.4 Hz, H-4), 7.54 (2H, m, H-7, H-8), 7.29 (1H, td, J = 6.9, 2.2 Hz, H-6), 2.84 (3H, s, Me-1'); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 141.7 (s, C-1), 140.1 (s, C-8a), 138.6 (d, C-3), 134.6 (s, C-9a), 128.4 (s, C-4a), 128.2 (d, C-7), 122.0 (d, C-4b), 121.8 (d, C-5), 120.1 (d, C-6), 112.9 (d, C-4), 111.6 (d, C-8), 20.3 (q, Me-1'). 以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[24]</sup>, 故鉴定为 1-甲基-9H-吡啶并[3,4-b]吲哚(Harman)。

化合物 18 针状晶体(CHCl<sub>3</sub>-MeOH)。分子式为 C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N<sub>1</sub>O, ESI-MS *m/z* 172 [M + Na]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 8.32 (1H, s, H-1), 8.29 (1H, d, J = 4.9 Hz, H-9), 7.32 (1H, d, J = 4.9 Hz, H-8), 4.51 (1H, m, H-5), 4.24 (1H, m, H-3), 3.13 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 5.4 Hz, H-6a), 2.90 (1H, dd, J = 17.0, 1.8 Hz, H-6b), 1.35 (3H, d, J = 7.1 Hz, Me-4); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 153.7 (s, C-2), 147.8 (d, C-1), 145.2 (d, C-9), 144.3 (s, C-7), 122.0 (d, C-8), 75.9 (d, C-5), 44.0 (d, C-3), 41.6 (t, C-6), 12.4 (q, Me-4)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[25]</sup>, 故鉴定为喜树次碱(Venoterpine)。

化合物 19 针状晶体(CHCl<sub>3</sub>-MeOH)。分子式为 C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>, ESI-MS *m/z* 230 [M + Na]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 8.87 (1H, s, H-9), 8.48 (1H, s, H-1), 4.53 (1H, m, H-5), 3.92 (3H, s, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 1.38 (3H, d, J = 7.2 Hz, Me-4); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (150 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 167.2 (s, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 155.8 (s, C-7), 149.3 (d, C-1), 148.5 (d, C-9), 145.3 (s, C-2), 124.7 (s, C-8), 75.6 (d, C-5), 52.6 (q, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 43.8 (d, C-3), 42.9 (t, C-6), 12.3 (q, Me-4)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[25]</sup>, 故鉴定为坎特莱因碱(Cantleyine)。

化合物 20 无色油状物。分子式为 C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO, ESI-MS *m/z* 145 [M + Na]<sup>+</sup>。<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 8.54 (1H, s, H-2), 8.42 (1H, d, J = 4.5 Hz, H-6), 7.86 (1H, d, J = 7.9 Hz, H-4), 7.41 (1H, dd, J = 7.7, 4.9 Hz, H-5), 4.90 (1H, q, J = 6.5 Hz, H-7), 1.47 (3H, d, J = 6.5 Hz, Me-8); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ: 148.7 (d, C-6), 147.7 (d, C-2), 143.9 (s, C-1), 135.5 (d, C-4), 125.2

(d, C-5), 68.4 (d, C-7), 25.4 (q, Me-8)。以上数据与文献报道一致<sup>[26]</sup>, 故鉴定为 α-甲基-3-羟甲基吡啶(α-Methyl-3-pyridinemethanol)。

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