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A new ent-abietane diterpenoid from Isodon macrophyllus

Zheng Yue Chen ^a, Pei Yong Qiu ^a, Yong Xue Wang ^a, Su Ping Bai ^a, Fu Lin Yan ^a, Ji Xia Zhang ^{a,*}, Han Dong Sun ^b

^a Pharmaceutical Laboratory, Xinxiang Medical University, Xinxiang 453003, China ^b State Key Laboratory of Phytochemistry and Plant Resources in West China, Kunming Institute of Botany, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Kunming 650204, China

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Abstract

A new ent-abietane diterpenoid, named dayecrystal C, was isolated from the EtOAc extract of the dried leaves of Isodon macrophyllus. Its structure was determined on the basis of spectroscopic methods.

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Keywords: Isodon macrophyllus; ent-Abietane; Diterpenoid; Dayecrystal C

In previous reports [1–4], we have isolated about twenty-six *ent*-kaurene diterpenoids including five new compounds from *Isodon macrophyllus*. Continued study of the extract of *I. macrophyllus* (Migo) C.Y. Wu and H.W. Li collected in Tongbai prefecture of Henan province of China, has resulted in obtaining a new highly oxidized *ent*-abietane diterpenoid, 15(S)- 3α , 15β , 16, 18-tetrahydroxy- 14β , 17-epoxy-*ent*-abieta-7(8)-ene(1), (dayecrystal C). In this paper, the structural elucidation is presented.

Dayecrystal C, a white amorphous powder, $[\alpha_D^{20}] - 2.0$ (c 0.4, MeOH), m.p. 140–143 °C, had a molecular formula $C_{20}H_{32}O_5$ based on its HR - ESI-MS (m/z 375.2144 [M + Na]⁺, calcd. 375.2147), suggesting five degrees of

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^{*} Corresponding author.

E-mail address: zjx@xxmu.edu.cn (J.X. Zhang).

Table 1 13 C (100 MHz) and 1 H (400 MHz) NMR spectral date of 1 in C₅D₅N (δ in ppm, J in Hz)

Position	$\delta_{ m C}$	$\delta_{ extsf{H}}$	Position	$\delta_{\mathbf{C}}$	$\delta_{ m H}$
1	38.0 (t)	1.80 (m, 1H) 1.18 (m, 1H)	11	24.3 (t)	1.24 (m, 1H) 1.00 (dd, J = 12.8, 1H)
2	27.9 (t)	1.93 (m, 2H)	12	24.0 (t)	1.89 (m, 1H) 1.68 (d, $J = 9.6$, 1H)
3	73.6 (d)	4.22 (m, 1H)	13	49.8 (d)	2.31 (m, 1H)
4	43.0 (s)		14	83.3 (d)	5.10 (d, J = 3.6, 1H)
5	42.6 (d)	1.98 (m, 1H)	15	84.9 (s)	
6	23.7 (t)	1.20 (m, 2H)	16	67.6 (t)	4.13 (d, $J = 10.8$, 1H) 4.02 (d, $J = 10.8$, 1H)
7	128.8 (d)	5.85 (br s, 1H)	17	75.8 (t)	4.20 (s, 2H)
8	135.8 (s)		18	64.5 (t)	4.07 (d, $J = 10.8$, 1H) 3.60 (d, $J = 10.8$, 1H)
9	49.8 (d)	2.11 (m, 1H)	19	12.9 (q)	1.12 (s, 3H)
10	35.0 (s)	• • •	20	15.4 (q)	0.84 (s, 3H)

unsaturation. The IR spectrum of 1 displayed two strong absorptions at 3447 and 3306 cm⁻¹ (OH) and a weak band at 1629 cm⁻¹ corresponding to a double bond. In the ¹³C NMR and DEPT spectrum of 1 (Table 1) showed the presence of two methyl groups, eight methylene groups, five methine groups, three quaternary carbons, two olefinic carbons, suggesting a tricyclic diterpene skeleton. Comparison of the spectroscopic data of compound 1 with those of maoyecrystal H [5] revealed a close similarity between two compounds except for C-14, C-15, C-16 and C-17. The 15, 16-O-isopropylidene in maoyecrystal H was replaced by OH-15 β and OH-16, and the formation of an O-bridge between C-14 and C-17 was established by the ¹H, ¹³C long-range correlations of H₂-17/C-14 and H-14/C-17 in the HMBC spretrum (Fig. 1) in compound 1. Two olefinic C-atoms at δ _C 128.8 (d) and δ _C 135.8 (s), together with the olefinic proton at δ _H 5.85 (br s, 1H), which was correlated with C-5 (42.6, d) in the HMBC spectrum, indicated the presence of a C=C bond between C-7 and C-8.

The relative configuration of 1 was deduced by NOESY experiments (Fig. 2). In this group of compounds (entabletane diterpenoids from the genus Isodon), H-5, H-9, H-13 and Me-20 have the β , β , α and α orientation, respectively [6]. Thus, compound 1 has the orientation of OH-3 α , H-14 α and OH-15 β , which was determined by the

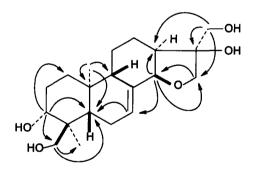


Fig. 1. Key HMBC correlations of compound 1.

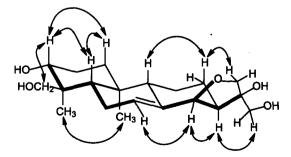


Fig. 2. Key NOESY correlations of compound 1.

NOE correlations of H-3 with H-1, H-5, H-18, and H-14 with H-7, H-13, and H-13 with H-16. Therefore, compound 1 was assigned as 15(S)- 3α , 15β , 16, 18-tetrahydroxy- 14β , 17-epoxy-ent-abieta-7(8)-ene and named dayecrystal C. Dayecrystal C (1): $C_{20}H_{32}O_5$, white amorphous powder, $[\alpha_D^{20}]$ -2.0 (c 0.4, MeOH), m.p. 140–143 °C, IR ν^{KBr} cm⁻¹: 3447, 3306, 2993, 2936, 2882, 1629, 1469, 1447, 1383, 1344, 1279, 1267, 1066, 1030, 1008, 956, 914.

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