

思茅豆腐柴中的黄酮类化学成分研究

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摘要:目的 研究民族药物思茅豆腐柴(*Premna szemaoensis* Pei)中的黄酮类化学成分。方法 利用 Sephadex LH-20 及硅胶等色谱技术进行分离纯化, 根据理化性质、光谱数据进行结构鉴定。结果 得到 7 个黄酮类化合物, 分别鉴定为 5, 4'-二羟基-3, 7, 3'-三甲氧基黄酮(1), 5-羟基-3', 4', 6, 7-四甲氧基黄酮(2), 5, 4'-二羟基-7-甲氧基黄酮醇(3), 5, 3'-二羟基-7, 4'-二甲氧基黄酮醇(4), 3', 4', 5-三羟基-3, 7-二甲氧基黄酮(5), 5, 7-二羟基-4'-甲氧基黄酮(6), 5-羟基-7, 3', 4'-三甲氧基黄酮醇(7)。结论 这 7 个化合物均为首次从思茅豆腐柴中分离得到。

关键词: 思茅豆腐柴; 黄酮; 黄酮醇

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Study on Flavanoids in the Leaves of *Premna szemaoensis* Pei

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ABSTRACT: OBJECTIVE To investigate the chemical constituents of *Premna szemaoensis* Pei. **METHODS** The compounds were isolated and purified via silica gel and Sephadex LH-20 column chromatography repeatedly and their structures were elucidated on the basis of spectroscopic evidences and physicochemical properties. **RESULTS** Seven flavanoids were obtained and identified as 5, 4'-dihydroxy-3, 7, 3'-trimethoxyflavone (1), 5-hydroxy-3', 4', 6, 7-tetramethoxyflavone (2), 5, 4'-dihydroxy-7-methoxyflavonol (3), 5, 3'-dihydroxy-7, 4'-dimethoxyflavonol (4), 3', 4', 5-trihydroxy-3, 7-dimethoxyflavone (5), 5, 7-dihydroxy-4'-methoxyflavone (6), 5-hydroxy-7, 3', 4'-trimethoxyflavonol (7). **CONCLUSION** All compounds are isolated from the plant for the first time.

KEY WORDS: *Premna szemaoensis* Pei; flavone; flavonol

马鞭草科(Verbenaceae)豆腐柴属(*Premna* L.)植物全世界约有 200 种, 主要分布在亚洲和非洲的热带地区, 我国有约 44 种 1 变种, 主产于南部各省, 尤集中于云南地区^[1]。根据文献调查研究的结果, 豆腐柴属植物的化学成分及生物活性方面的研究都还不多见, 从已有的研究来看, 本属植物主要含有倍半萜、二萜、三萜、黄酮、酚酸及生物碱类成分, 生物活性方面主要具有抗菌及细胞毒性^[2-3]。

思茅豆腐柴(*Premna szemaoensis* Pei)为高大乔木, 高 3~12 m, 主分布于云南南部的思茅、西双版纳及澜沧等地区。由于在当地具有多种用途, 遭到了严重的砍伐, 并且其自然繁殖能力较差, 因此成年植株大量减少, 渐成濒危种。为了对该濒危植物的利用及保护提供科学依据, 我们对思茅豆腐柴进行了化学成分研究。利用 Sephadex LH-20 及硅胶等柱色谱技术, 从中分离得到了 7 个黄酮类化合物。

1 仪器和试剂

Bruker AM-400 及 DRX-500 核磁共振仪, TMS 为内标; VG-Auto-Spec-3000 及 Thermo-Finnigan LCQ-Advantage 质谱仪; Jasco DIP-370 digital polarimeter 微量旋光仪; Büchi R-114 旋转蒸发仪; BSZ-100 自动部分收集仪(上海青浦沪西仪器厂); SHZ-D(Ⅲ)型循环水式多用真空泵(巩义市予华仪器有限公司)。Sephadex LH-20(Amersham 公司), D101 大孔树脂(天津农药厂), 硅胶 G(青岛海洋化工厂), 所用试剂均为分析纯。

思茅豆腐柴样品采集于西双版纳热带植物园, 经西双版纳热带植物园的兰芹英研究员鉴定为 *Premna szemaoensis* Pei, 凭证标本存于昆明植物所。

2 提取与分离

思茅豆腐柴粗粉(干燥叶片)1.7 kg, 用体积分数为 90% 乙醇热回流提取 3 次, 每次 4 h, 合并乙醇提取液后减压浓缩, 浓缩液依次用石油醚、乙酸乙酯萃取。取乙酸乙酯部分 198 g, 经 D101 大孔树脂分

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段脱色,用乙醇-水(0:1,5 L; 20:80,8 L; 30:70,20 L; 50:50,32 L; 70:30,23 L; 80:20,16 L; 1:0,3 L);每份1 L系统洗脱,得到A₁~A₇7个部分,合并A₅及A₆部位,称重共有33 g,上一60 g的硅胶柱,石油醚-丙酮100:1到10:1梯度洗脱,得到B₁~B₃3个部分,其中B₁部分共8.3 g,经过反复的硅胶柱色谱及Sephadex LH-20柱分离纯化,得到化合物1(42 mg),2(38 mg),3(13 mg),4(9 mg),5(21 mg),6(33 mg),7(7 mg)。

3 结构鉴定

化合物1:淡黄色粉末,mp:177~178℃,盐酸-镁粉反应阳性。ESI-MS: m/z 343 [M-H]⁻,结合¹H-NMR,¹³C-NMR谱数据推断分子式为C₁₈H₁₆O₇。¹H-NMR(500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 7.66(1H, d, $J=2.0$ Hz, H-2'), 7.63(1H, dd, $J=2.0, 8.4$ Hz, H-6'), 6.96(1H, d, $J=8.4$ Hz, H-5'), 6.77(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-8), 6.36(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-6), 3.85(6H, s, -OCH₃), 3.80(3H, s, -OCH₃)。¹³C-NMR(125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 178.0(C-4), 165.1(C-7), 160.8(C-5), 156.2(C-9), 155.7(C-2), 149.9(C-4'), 147.4(C-3'), 137.9(C-3), 122.3(C-6'), 120.6(C-1'), 115.6(C-5'), 112.0(C-2'), 97.7(C-6), 92.4(C-8), 120.0(C-6'), 59.7(-OCH₃), 56.0(-OCH₃), 55.7(-OCH₃)。与文献^[4]对照,鉴定其为5,4'-二羟基-3,7,3'-三甲氧基黄酮。

化合物2:淡黄色粉末,mp:197~199℃,盐酸-镁粉反应阳性。ESI-MS: m/z 357 [M-H]⁻,结合¹H-NMR,¹³C-NMR谱数据推断分子式为C₁₉H₁₈O₇。¹H-NMR(500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 7.74(1H, dd, $J=2.0, 8.6$ Hz, H-6'), 7.59(1H, d, $J=2.0$ Hz, H-6'), 7.14(1H, d, $J=8.6$ Hz, H-5'), 7.04(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-8), 6.98(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-6), 3.93(3H, s, -OCH₃), 3.88(3H, s, -OCH₃), 3.85(3H, s, -OCH₃), 3.72(3H, s, -OCH₃)。¹³C-NMR(125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 182.3(C-4), 163.6(C-2), 158.7(C-7), 152.7(C-5), 157.2(C-9), 152.0(C-4'), 149.0(C-3'), 131.9(C-6), 122.8(C-1'), 120.1(C-6'), 111.7(C-5'), 109.4(C-2'), 105.1(C-10), 103.6(C-3), 91.7(C-8), 60.0(-OCH₃), 56.5(-OCH₃), 55.9(-OCH₃), 55.8(-OCH₃)。与文献^[5]对照,鉴定其为5-羟基-3',4',6,7-四甲氧基黄酮。

化合物3:淡黄色粉末,mp:221~223℃,盐酸-镁粉反应阳性。ESI-MS: m/z 299 [M-H]⁻,结合¹H-NMR,¹³C-NMR谱数据推断分子式为C₁₆H₁₂O₆。¹H-NMR(500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 8.13(2H, d,

$J=8.4$ Hz, H-2', 6'), 7.10(2H, d, $J=8.4$ Hz, H-3', 5'), 6.34(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-8), 6.18(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-6), 3.82(3H, s, -OCH₃)。¹³C-NMR(125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 175.9(C-4), 163.9(C-7), 160.6(C-5), 160.4(C-4'), 156.1(C-9), 145.2(C-2), 135.9(C-3), 129.2(C-2', 6'), 123.2(C-1'), 113.9(C-3', 5'), 103.0(C-10), 98.1(C-6), 93.4(C-8), 55.3(-OCH₃)。与文献^[6]对照,鉴定为5,4'-二羟基-7-甲氧基黄酮醇。

化合物4:淡黄色粉末,mp:230~232℃,盐酸-镁粉反应阳性。ESI-MS: m/z 329 [M-H]⁻,结合¹H-NMR,¹³C-NMR谱数据推断分子式为C₁₇H₁₄O₇。¹H-NMR(500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 7.77(1H, d, $J=2.0$ Hz, H-2'), 7.74(1H, dd, $J=2.0, 8.4$ Hz, H-6'), 6.94(1H, d, $J=8.4$ Hz, H-5'), 6.77(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-8), 6.34(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-6), 3.85(3H, s, -OCH₃), 3.84(3H, s, -OCH₃)。¹³C-NMR(125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 176.0(C-4), 165.0(C-7), 160.4(C-5), 156.1(C-9), 149.0(C-4'), 147.5(C-2), 147.1(C-3'), 136.1(C-3), 121.9(C-1'), 121.0(C-6'), 115.6(C-2'), 111.9(C-5'), 104.0(C-10), 97.5(C-6), 92.1(C-8), 56.1(-OCH₃), 55.9(-OCH₃)。与文献^[4]对照,鉴定其为5,3'-二羟基-7,4'-二甲氧基黄酮醇。

化合物5:淡黄色粉末,mp:235~237℃,盐酸-镁粉反应阳性。ESI-MS: m/z 329 [M-H]⁻,结合¹H-NMR,¹³C-NMR谱数据推断分子式为C₁₇H₁₄O₇。¹H-NMR(500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 7.74(1H, d, $J=2.0$ Hz, H-2'), 7.66(1H, dd, $J=2.0, 8.4$ Hz, H-6'), 6.99(1H, d, $J=8.4$ Hz, H-5'), 6.67(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-8), 6.30(1H, d, $J=2.2$ Hz, H-6), 3.88(3H, s, -OCH₃), 3.86(3H, s, -OCH₃)。¹³C-NMR(125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 179.1(C-4), 166.1(C-7), 162.3(C-5), 157.3(C-2), 156.7(C-9), 151.0(C-4'), 148.4(C-3'), 138.9(C-3), 123.1(C-1'), 121.8(C-6'), 116.3(C-2'), 112.9(C-5'), 106.1(C-10), 98.2(C-6), 92.7(C-8), 60.0(-OCH₃), 56.3(-OCH₃)。与文献^[4]对照,鉴定为3',4',5-三羟基-3,7-二甲氧基黄酮。

化合物6:淡黄色粉末,mp:263~265℃,盐酸-镁粉反应阳性。ESI-MS: m/z 283 [M-H]⁻,结合¹H-NMR,¹³C-NMR谱数据推断分子式为C₁₆H₁₂O₅。¹H-NMR(500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ: 8.05(2H, d, $J=8.4$ Hz, H-2', 6'), 7.13(2H, d, $J=8.4$ Hz, H-3',

5'), 6.88 (1H, s, H-3), 6.51 (1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-8), 6.20 (1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-6), 3.87 (3H, s, -OCH₃)。¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 181.8 (C-4), 164.2 (C-7), 163.3 (C-2), 162.3 (C-9), 161.8 (C-4'), 157.3 (C-5), 128.3 (C-2', 6'), 122.8 (C-1'), 114.6 (C-3', 5'), 103.7 (C-10), 103.5 (C-3), 98.9 (C-6), 94.0 (C-8), 55.5 (-OCH₃)。与文献^[7]对照, 鉴定其为 5,7-二羟基-4'-甲氧基黄酮。

化合物 7: 淡黄色粉末, mp: 189 ~ 192 °C, 盐酸-镁粉反应阳性。ESI-MS: m/z 343 [M - H]⁻, 结合¹H-NMR, ¹³C-NMR 谱数据推断分子式为 C₁₈H₁₆O₇。¹H-NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 7.79 (1H, d, $J = 2.0$ Hz, H-2'), 7.76 (1H, dd, $J = 2.0, 8.4$ Hz, H-6'), 6.95 (1H, d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, H-5'), 6.79 (1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-8), 6.35 (1H, d, $J = 2.2$ Hz, H-6), 3.86 (6H, s, -OCH₃), 3.84 (3H, s, -OCH₃)。¹³C-NMR (125 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ : 175.8 (C-4), 164.5 (C-7), 160.4 (C-5), 156.0 (C-9), 150.7 (C-4'), 148.5 (C-3'), 145.3 (C-2), 138.1 (C-3), 123.4 (C-1'), 121.7 (C-

6'), 112.3 (C-2'), 112.0 (C-5'), 103.7 (C-10), 97.5 (C-6), 91.8 (C-8), 56.3 (-OCH₃), 55.9 (-OCH₃), 55.8 (-OCH₃)。与参考文献^[4]对照, 鉴定其为 5-羟基-7,3',4'-三甲氧基黄酮醇。

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